

EVENING HERALD

ESTABLISHED 1870.

Published every Evening, except Sunday, at

8 SOUTH JABIN STREET, NEAR CENTER.
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TUESDAY, JUNE 6, 1886.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR CONGRESSMAN AT LARGE.

GALVANIA A GROW.

OF Shenandoah.

SAMUEL A. DAVENPORT.

OR HILL.

PARTIES leaving town for the summer can have the EVENING HERALD sent to the resort where they spend the season at no increase of price. The paper being issued in the evening will be sent to each resort a distance the following day.

If the Yankees' ball club would only get out of the way the Pittsburg team would occupy the position of "ball-enders." Present control is however keeping a quiet existence while the alleged ball players from the country seats are traveling the state and losing game after game.

The ungrateful steership of Paul, of the American Line, is now the leader among the ocean steamship. She made the voyage from Southampton to New York in the remarkable next time of six days, five hours and thirty-two minutes, the best record yet achieved. Score another victory for America.

The friends of Senator Quay can congratulate themselves upon the fight they made in Allegheny county, and the results attained. The offices and the entire party machinery being in the hands of the Major faction, it was quite a victory for the Quay adherents to secure seven candidates for the Legislature out of a total of fifteen.

The purpose of the Bureau of Immigration, recently created by the Maryland Legislature, is the encouragement of immigration from the other states of the Union, Canada and Europe. Persons able to make a living by their labor are invited to settle in Maryland. The idea is to increase the state's population to 2,000,000, if possible, so as to increase its industrial activity. Mr. Littleton T. Dryden, the Superintendent of the Bureau, which is located in Baltimore, assures the public that no preference for any one part of the state is entertained, but respectable settlers will be impartially located wherever inducements acceptable to immigrants are offered. Good lands are to be had at cheap prices in all parts of Maryland, and this fact, duly advertised, will, it is thought, add materially to the population.

THE June number of Harper's Round Table contains the following: "Does a girl lose caste by riding a wheel? Euphemistically, no. It is proper to ride a wheel as to ride a pony or to walk. But a girl unstricken with grace and fearless courage. She must have the right kind of saddle; most have her handlebars at the right height, and be dressed so that her skirt will not entangle or trip her. There is no pleasure than surpasses that of swift motion, when one is young and strong and the blood courses buoyantly through the veins; whether the motion comes from skating, running, riding, or going forward in any sort of progress which requires exercise. The old Greeks understood this, and one of their favorite goddesses was always flying along. Look her up in your mythology, and you will find which one I mean. Her name is very short, and a popular American author wrote a beautiful story about her, which I am sure you all have read."

A second and more careful reading of Colonel Spalding's able card on the subject of bicycle prices, says the New York Advertiser, makes it clear that, in his judgment, manufacturers and dealers are making great swindles in order to accommodate the public, and the public is not properly appreciating the fact. Bearing between the lines we see where the Colonels would say that to furnish wheels at \$100 to \$125 apiece is simply extending the hand of inflicting charity to those who want to ride, and it is time they knew it. Every manufacturer and dealer in bicycles, according to this high authority, a public benefactor, giving his time and capital to the amelioration of the human race. In all this there is an important hint to whom it may concern, namely, that this protest against the price of wheels should cause immediately less the manufacturers and dealers with hold their glorious favors and permit the market to seat to its natural level, say about fifty points above present quotations. In the meantime the ungrateful public, not knowing a blessing from heaven when they see it, will continue to groan and growl, we suppose.

With a political boss, says an exchange, has great power without any easy way of explaining why he should have it, the common explanation is that it is because he is so magnetic. That word magnetism covers a multitude of things. A man may have no great intellectual ability. This magnetic man seldom has yet to hold man to his grasp in a vice. Few dare to disobey his commands because he is so very magnetic. The magnetic man usually has an off-hand way with him and a practical art of remunerating names and faces. He flatters each in his weakest spot and makes magnificent promises which he keeps or not as he chooses when the time comes. None of this, however, explains political magnetism. The man who is still kept in the background. The front name for political magnetism is really catch, the last name dollars. The

magnetic leader makes a contract with certain rich men that he will see that no legislation is passed which will affect their moneyed interests, no matter what kind of a foundation or community rolling scheme that private business may be. In return they contract to secure for him on election day votes enough to send him and his bunchmen anywhere he desires they shall be sent.

IS YOUR FOOT BIG?

Well, if it isn't too big you can buy a ladies' Oxford for very cheap at the Factory Shoe Store. We have just received 300 pair of simple slacks from \$1 to \$3. They are all \$1 and \$2 goods; closing them out at 75¢ each.

J. A. MOYER, M.D.

A DISASTER RECALLED.

SCREWED MORE by a Hungarian to Recover for Damages.

AT 7:38 this morning Daniel Odeon and W. C. Weeks, of town Planes, Shadyside foreman at Packer No. 4 colliery; Alter Brown, outside foreman at No. 5; George Brown and Nicholas Brumah, of Lost Creek, and Stenographer Moys, of Pittsburg, left for New York City to attend as witnesses on the trial of a case brought by a Hungarian named Steve Shelsick to recover damages amounting to several thousand dollars against the Lehigh Valley Coal Company.

The case results, a disaster at one of the company's collieries dating about two years ago. On the night of the 23rd of July, 1884, an explosion occurred in the boiler house at Packer No. 4 colliery. John Miller, of Girardville, the foreman, was killed instantly. John Lambach, pumpman, Darby Shadyside, engineer, and John Malino, ashman, died from their injuries soon after the explosion. The last named three resided in this town. Malino died at the hospital. The other two succumbed at their homes. A fifth victim, Steve Shelsick, who then resided at Smoky Hollow, was taken to the hospital, badly scalded on the face, chest and arms.

On the following morning Messrs. Odeon, Scanlan, Watkins, representing the HERALD, and Albert Brown visited the hospital and interviewed Shelsick, the only survivor of the terrible affair, and got a well connected story of it. Shelsick, who was the assistant foreman, placed the whole responsibility upon Miller, the foreman, alibiing that the latter had repeatedly ignored Shelsick's warnings. He also claimed to have called attention to the gauges, although the blower was opened all the way. Miller is alleged to have replied that it was none of Shelsick's business. Finally Shadyside said: "Then let me crack some planks," and, at that instant the explosion occurred.

After leaving the hospital Shelsick was again given employment in the boiler house, but, it is alleged, that his reinstatement seemed to bring upon him a severe attack of indigestion. He aspired to have absolute control over the place and the outside foreman was obliged to remove him, but gave him a place on the platform in the breaker. This did not suit Shelsick, but he succeeded his displeasure with as much grace as his nature would permit until some time after he suddenly disappeared. He was next heard of from New York City, when he entered the suit for damages referred to, alibiing that the explosion occurred and he sustained his injuries not on account of any neglect, or ignorance, on the part of Miller in connection with the gauges, but because the boiler was defective. That he should go to New York City, where it is next to impossible to get a jury conversant with the construction and operation of boiler houses in the coal fields, and escape the laws of Pennsylvania, which differ in some respects from New York law on the question of injuries sustained through the carelessness of co-laborers, is considered a clever move on the part of Shelsick. The witnesses who left here this morning are subpoenaed by the company to prove the statements by Shelsick as to the cause of the accident, as made immediately after it occurred and to controvert the statements he now makes.

THE LOST CREEK SCENE.

Foley, the Barber, Tells a Story of Persistent Persecution.

ON the night of the 23rd of May, last, the barber shop of C. F. Foley, of Lost Creek, was broken open and robbed of \$80 worth of razors, straight razors, combs and hairdressing. A still hunt was kept up until last week, when a clue led to the arrest of two young men of Lost Creek named Richard Barrett and Michael Dean. They stoutly proclaimed their innocence, notwithstanding a search, upon warrant of Barrett's house by Detective Amour, and Constables Bands and Phillips, receiver of a tooth brush and a pen which Foley identified as his property. Barrett and his mother stated that the articles had been left in the house two years ago, when Barrett's sister returned to Philadelphia after a visit home. Justice Williams concluded to hold the young men under bail for a further hearing, which was fixed for last night.

On the following day Mrs. Barrett caused Foley to be arraigned before a Justice at Girardville, charged with unlawfully breaking into her house. This act referred to the investigation made under the search warrant. Mrs. Barrett alleged that several articles in the house were damaged and that she has missed \$25. Foley waived a hearing and entered bail. Last night Barrett and Dean again appeared, waived a hearing and re-newed the bail for trial at court.

Colonel Breckinridge's Confidence.

LEXINGTON, Ky., June 1.—In reply to a direct question from a reporter for the Lexington Argonaut, Colonel W. G. C. Breckinridge is quoted as follows: "Well, sir, I do not intend to say much on that point, but you may say anything for me that I intend to be the next Democratic congressional candidate in the Ashland district. That is all I have to say, just now."

The police authorities in charge claim they have evidence that after the first hearing Barrett went to one Martin Coogrove, of Lost Creek, and demanded the return of the stolen razors, and they were given to him. The stripes and many of the other articles are somewhere along the bottom of a creek at Lost Creek. Empty hair oil and other bottles have been found scattered in bushes.

Foley says he does not think the robbery was perpetrated with gain as the prime motive, but was simply a part of a system of persecution to which he has been subjected since he has been in Lost Creek. He originally came from Mahanoy, Pa., but after spending some time in Philadelphia he opened a barber shop in Lost Creek and since that time certain people have been trying to drive him out of the place. He attributes the persecuting to two things—his property in spite of opposition and his strong and open advocacy of the cause of temperance. He says he is a dyed-in-the-wool temperance advocate and he has never been afraid to ventilate his convictions. He declares that he will present the case to the end, maintain his place of business and uphold the cause of temperance with all the vigor he can command.

When you want good roofing, plumbing, gas fitting, or general finishing done call on E. F. Gallagher, 18 West Centre street. Dealer in stoves. Let

Died In The Hospital.

John Belchase, who was seriously injured by an explosion of gas at the Maple Hill colliery last Saturday, died in the Miners Hospital last evening. The remains were brought to town last evening and removed to his home on Penn street.

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